Application/Control Number 09/822,475

Unit 2134

RECEIVED

MAY 2 4 2004

DETAILED ACTION: RESPONSE

filed Action, Item 2, Response;

Technology Center 2100

It is true that I am unskilled in the patent prosecution procedure. I downloaded the patent application documents, and thought I followed the instructions. The initial USPTO response indicated that the application was complete. I apologize for my lack of procedure skill. None the less, at this time, I must proceed without legal expertise.

It must be understood that DRYBEDOC is not English, even though it appears to be.

Detailed Action, Item 3, Response;

An ordinary person, skilled in the art, can make the invention through step by step use of Macromedia Fontographer 4.0 Font Creating Program, by creating fonts whose characters are created by exactly reproducing designated lines of DRYBEDOC THE EMBOL.

THE EMBOL is constructed utilizing the following 26 independent (stand alone) designs:

- is left side of square.
- is right side of square.
- is the top of the square.
- is the bottom of the square.
- is the inside square upper left to lower right diagonal line.
- / is the inside square upper right to lower left diagonal line.
- ∧ is the inside square upper independent design triangle.
- is the inside square left independent design triangle.
- is the inside square lower independent design triangle.
- is the inside square right independent design triangle.
- is left of left side of square.
- is below bottom of square.
- is right of right side of square.
- extends from upper right corner of square to the independent design x.
- extends from the upper left corner of square to the independent design /.
- extends from the lower left corner of square to the independent design X.
- extends from the lower right corner of square to the independent design /.
- center point connects to upper right extension \times . ****
- center point connects to upper left extension \vee .
- center point connects to lower left extension \angle . ./
- center point connects to lower right extension λ . /.
- 7 connects above end points of upper right independent design \vee .
- connects above end points of upper left independent design \checkmark .
- connects below end points of lower left independent design X.
- connects below end points of lower right independent design /. J

The described alignment and connecting of the 26 independent designs produces the following text (typed) font graphic, referred to as:



At this time the 26 independent designs (\triangleright \triangleright), for explanation purposes, have not been created as font.

Facts about font: Font is a style of alphabet characters all of the same size and shape. Font is style, appearance of character, and does not affix alphabet value to a particular shape. Font style does not transmit and can not be seen on a computer screen unless that particular font is installed on that particular computer. Point: Your computer can not produce or reproduce, as text, DRYBEDOC® fonts. All fonts, with the exception of DRYBEDOC® fonts, deliver information by face value, transmitted via number systems such as ASCII, binary, or other numeric code. DRYBEDOC® fonts deliver DRYBEDOC® data via style (shape), not by character face alphabet values. To create a DRYBEDOC® font each character is assigned an English, or other alphabet, character equivalent. This is done by mapping one of the 26 independent designs, unique to the THE®EMBOL, to a measured placement within the font creating program's designated alphabet values. The 26 independent designs can be assigned to an equivalent of any English, or other alphabet, character during the creation process of DRYBEDOC® font.

In the following 3 examples the DRYBEDOC independent designs appear below the English characters and assume the English alphabet values. Each THESEMBOL internally possesses a complete English equivalent alphabet, as it requires all 26 Independent Designs to create THESEMBOL. Value assignment and line by line reproduction of the desired shape creates an EMBOL.

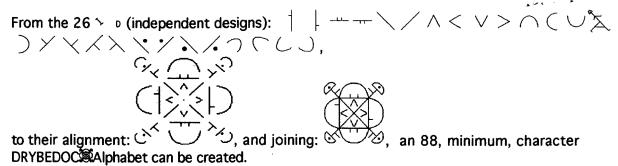
Each of the above 3 examples of the 26 independent designs (> 0) have been created as different DRYBEDOC front and have been installed and used in this explanation.

The DRYBEDOC front static (unmoved) alphabet character \wedge requires partial use of 5 $^{>}$ 0 lines of THE MBOL.

See below: qferd* = A character of DRYBEDOC THE EMBOL Static Alphabet 88:

Using o R y & (o () c) の f つ い treferenced to static THE EMBOL values:

The alphabet value of the 26 independent designs can be changed in the font creation program without effecting keystroke value.



DRYBEDOC Alphabet characters, although appearing as English alphabet characters, are not English. EMBOLS consist of all or part of one or more of the 26 independent designs, identified by lines of THE EMBOL, which have no value until assigned. Each EMBOL has a unique name determined by THE EMBOL lines assigned values used in a characters construction. Use of all of an independent design in a character causes a LARGE CASE LETTER to be added to the EMBOL name. Use of part of an independent design causes a small case character to be added to the EMBOL name. DRYBEDOC Alphabet character values can be changed without altering the size, shape, color, or appearance of a character by realignment of THE EMBOL lines assigned values. This property is accomplished at font creation.

DRYBEDOC Alphabet characters can not be created until the 26 independent designed are aligned and connected in the manner of THE EMBOL. For clarity purposes, the following 88 character DRYBEDOC THE EMBOL Static Alphabet is displayed as red lines appearing on THE EMBOL and also displayed in red to the right of THE EMBOL with the lines of use referred to in assigned line values that produce the DRYBEDOC EMBOL name. EMBOL names are critically case sensitive.

Addressing how the removal of specified lines of THE EMBOL ties into cryptography:

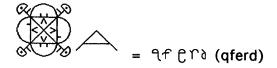
The following 88 character DRYBEDOC Alphabet can be stated in two different ways. Only the LARGE CASE A character will be addressed. By stating the removed lines of the A EMBOL it's name is qferd. By stating the remaining lines of the EMBOL it's name is ABCGHIJKLMNOPSTUVWXYZ, as every EMBOL contains a complete DRYBEDOC Alphabet, one or the other stating of THE HBOL lines must be used in order to determine an EMBOL. In DRYBEDOC every EMBOL is lines reproduced line by line from THE BMBOL. Even though an EMBOL appears and can be substituted as an English character, it is not. Regardless of what appears to be the face value, and though EMBOLS may be freely substituted for English characters, EMBOLS can not be equated to English character values.

All EMBOLS appear on THESEMBOL in exact position and alignment.

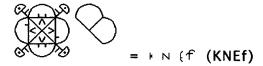
DRYBEDOC THE EMBOL Static Alphabet 88

ABCD EFGHIJ K LMNOPQR STU V W X Y Z - Geneva font | | ーー\/^< ∨>^(∪)メベメングルクでし」 - D R y & (D ①c 微作の作

 \land is created by using part of the \checkmark (Q)design that forms the lower left leg, part of the \checkmark (F) design that completes the left leg, part of the \checkmark (E) design that is the upper part of the right leg, part of the \checkmark (R) design that completes the lower right leg, and part of the - (D) design that is the horizontal line that connects the legs.



 $^{\circ}$ is created by using all of $^{\circ}$ (K) design that forms the upper curve, all of $^{\circ}$ (N) design that forms the right side curve, all of $^{\circ}$ (E) design that forms the back, and part of the $^{\prime}$ (F) design that is the mid point line.

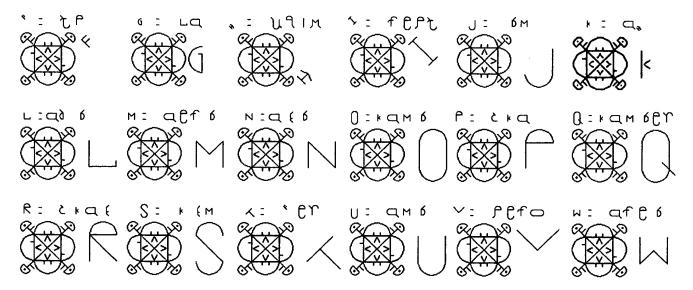


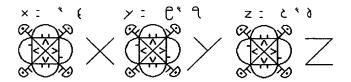
 $^{\text{C}}$ is created by using part of the $^{\text{H}}$ (C) design that is the upper horizontal line, all of the $^{\text{H}}$ (L) design that is the left side curve, and part of the $^{\text{H}}$ (D) that is the lower horizontal line.

 $^{\rm D}$ is created by using part of the \downarrow (B) design that forms the vertical line, and all of the \supset (N) design that forms the right side curve.

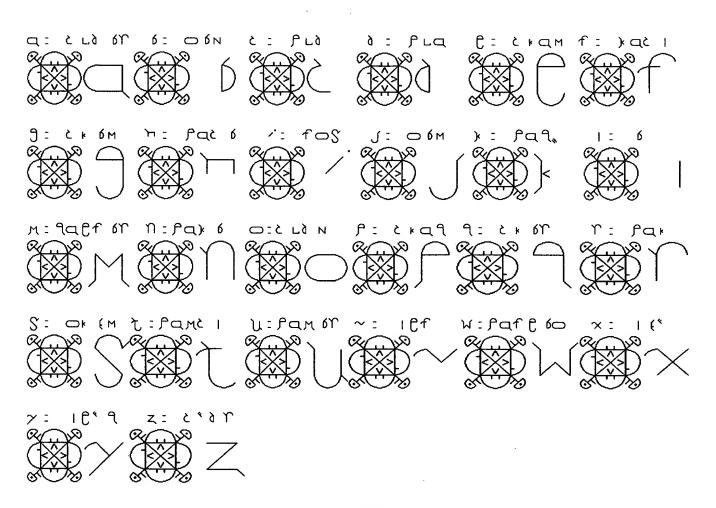
E is created by using part of the \times (O) design that forms the upper right diagonal, all of the \downarrow (B) design that forms the vertical with short horizontal line, and part of the \times (R) design that forms the lower diagonal.

The remaining 83 EMBOLS are shown with typed name appearing above each character. All characters must agree in name and shape. There are no duplicate EMBOLS.

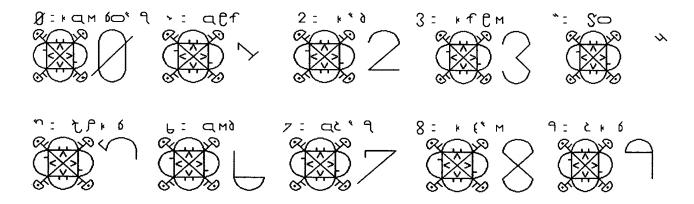




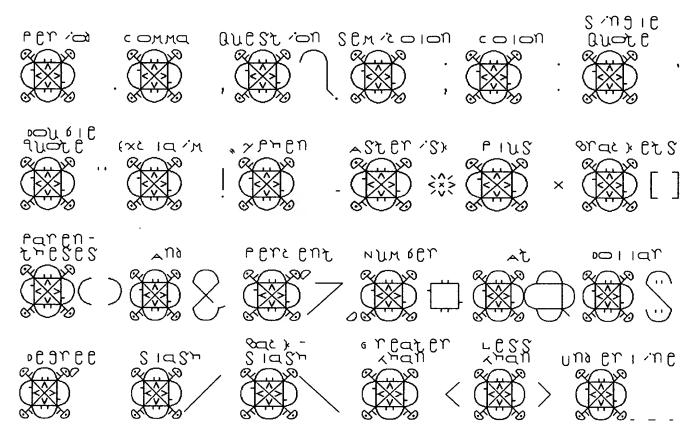
26 small case EMBOLS (characters):



10 Number EMBOLS:



26 Punctuation characters: Brackets and Parentheses are displayed together.



There is an unlimited quantity of graphic characters that can be created, line by line, from THEXEMBOL. The following 10 graphic EMBOLS (typed font) with line names displayed above the characters are not counted as part of the 88 character alphabet.

DRYBEDOC EMBOLS can not be translated without knowledge of THE MBOL alphabet alignment, font mappings and usage. Each EMBOL has a unique alignment, mapping, and name. Each EMBOL is referenced to THE EMBOL to receive it's assigned values. Each reference consists of line values, alignment orders, and usage delivered as font. This applies to all DRYBEDOC EMBOLS. The quantity of font in a reference is unlimited.

Example of a font reference:

Register bace:

The Register bace consists of 7 DRYBEDOC IN FONTS, displayed above. The bace font is blank. The KaMboFq font is the 26 Independent Designs (> D) of THE IN EMBOL. LARGE CASE, small case, numbers, and Punctuation are self-explanatory. GraphX is able to transfer larger quantities of data on single characters.

Additional Register bace font are:

Fingersign: ABCD EFGH IJKLMNOPQRSTU VWXYZ

ナナキャンへくくつうへくしょく

Bodysign: A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P QR S T UV W X Y Z

Finger and Body sign emulate the 26 independent designs, can be signed by those that learn the sign, and are unique to DRYBEDOC.

Another Register bace font is DRYBEDOC THE EMBOL Barcode: Enlarge barcode to size 72 to view.

A

Example size 72:



Lower column barcode 72:

Barcode is created by rotating the face of THEXEMBOL left or right until the side of THEXEMBOL (one pixel in width) is all that is visible. Individual > p heights protrude one pixel to either side. The distant character protrudes left, near character right. Character heights are measured to the pixel. DRYBEDOCX barcode is unique to THEXEMBOL.

All DRYBEDOC X FONT can be transferred as keystroke values.

DRYBEDOC TONT have keystroke and THE HBOL values.

The following is a Greetings register consisting of four internal registers, containing 5 layers of expansion, that transfer the DRYBEDOC EMBOLS • •

Register ram 60° 9 = 109 1m = pam 60° 1 = 100 60 par content of the fall of the first of the fir

Τηθηθ : θο νε φαιεφοιο ανακό ν :
 βιαμαιεφίδη κό το θω δα ων δε φαιερώ κας το μαμ δε φίδη δε φαι δε φοι το κολο το μοι το κολο το μοι το κολο το κολ

The following displays 6 different ways of typing HI (\sim) using the above Register bace Layers**. Copy and paste the following onto a speaking document to hear it spoken.

References (fonts), or Register Layers: EMBOL value can be established using the following layering registers. The layering process is infinitely expandable. Each layer is established in the same line by line character construction. The quantity of characters in a layer is always equivalent to the value of the bace character. Each layer is the next dialect of repeating the bace character. Each of following four examples contain a functional DRYBEDOC Alphabet, and are part of Register bace. The line names are taken from the displayed DRYBEDOC Alphabets bace values. All registers in the following examples are at the static condition, unmoved, of THE EMBOL.

First Example, 5 layers:

LARGE CASE

baceA = A = \triangle : Of C 6 : 6LQM 18 QMQ + 8 N 98 LCX + : C + 8 Q 2 QM 68 CX C 6 C 6 C 8 MQM 68 CM 68 C

bace $B = B = \emptyset$: L*' f : data \sim Ra*d n : γ man κ - \circ \circ

baceC = C

baceD = D = 0 : $\zeta *$: $2 \times \zeta = 2 \times \zeta = 2$

bace G = G = G = G = G and it is the second of the seco

baceH = H = $_{*}$: $^{\sim}$ TMN : $^{\circ}$ The first of th

bacel = $I = ^{5}$: laft : is nearly or a quarton in the standard of the same of the standard of the standar

baceJ = J = J = C N = $\frac{1}{2}$ M 60 ° C = QLC \longrightarrow Cf0 PC + T0 M \sim R $\frac{1}{2}$ M 6 CLQ M $\frac{1}{2}$ M GQ + 0 N I 0 QM T0 MQL0 T $\frac{1}{2}$ M G0 \sim PC M C Cf0 $\frac{1}{2}$ CL \longrightarrow Cf0 PC + .

baceK = K = 1 3 5 I TO MURTE I ROLLO ME ETO ROLLO ID AMARON.

baceL = L = L = $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

baceM = M = $^{\rm M}$: $^{\rm C}$ ffd : $^{\rm C}$ M GQ + $^{\rm C}$ N | $^{\rm C}$ Q L C \rightarrow C ffd ft + $^{\rm C}$ M C \rightarrow C \rightarrow

baceN = N = N : 0 t : T0 m~Rqm 6 : 90 LT0 m2 970 970 910

baceO = O = 0 : δ LC N : Γ M A Q C \P M 60 'C : \P L Γ A M C = \P Γ P C N A M M R \P M G.

baceP = P = P = QL0 = QM 62 CD Q2 T0 M = QM 62 CD - CT0 F2 K 9M 66 LQM 70 MQM 62 LT0 M2 CT0 .

baceQ = Q = Q = $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

bace R=R=R : QLD 1 : QM 66 C0 QC TO M~R : QM 66 C0 ft ft R1 M 66 LQM TO MQM 66 C0 M 670 LTO MC ff 0 ff fqL0 1 .

baceS = S = S = L^N = d $QL \sim Rd^2$ = Rd C =

baceU = U = ሀ ፤ ዕ Nč ፤ ጕዕ mò 'ሪ 宀m ổ ፤ 宀ዕ L ጕዕ mሪ ሮተò ጕò m~ R 宀m ổへ L ሪ 〇 - ሪ ሮቶò ሥሪ κ .

baceV = V = V : ?fff : alcoldamardrdrdri : am 6c cd ac ?m 6 6lamc rd mam 6c crd ffc cam 6c cd 5rd md * c am 6c cd ac rd m ?d l.

baceW = W = ዞ ፤ ዕ ሮኖ 6 ፤ ፐዕ мако и 10 амго м ፤ - ዋዕ ∟го мс ሮኖዕ ዉм 66 🖒 ጐго мо ° с с го мам 66 сго ° с с с զо ∟го мс его .

bace X = X = × I ' (I ~ RPC O I 9ffqld 'qld r9m 66Lqm.

SMall case

bacea = a = α : α % α : α % α C α C for for a finite square of the standard of

baceb = b = 6 : $\beta = 1$: $\alpha = 1$ $\beta = 1$

bacec = c = c : \mathbb{R}^n δ : \mathbb{R}^n : $\mathbb{R}^$

baced = d = d : To m : To mo at : alcoromoat To mt Eforomam of at to mo.

bacee = e = C = C + i N = C + i N = C + i N +

bacef = f = f : 10 dM : 270 mdm 62 of 6 feco : 2 m 690 LF0 m2 ff0 dm 62 cx ff0 f2 k 9m 66 Ldm 90 LF0 m 10 dm 40 N9m 66 Ldm.

bacei = i = 7 : $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2$

bacek = k = $^{\circ}$: $^{\circ}$? $^{\circ}$: $^{\circ}$? $^{\circ}$? $^{\circ}$! $^{\circ}$!

bacel = | = | : ¿ : 9m6 : QLLC CX ffd ft . .

bacen = n = 1 : 10 Lt : QLt C M A Qt 1 M B : QM Bt C Q M B CLt C M A CLt C CT A M CQLt C CT A M C

baceo = o = \bigcirc : \bigcirc i.q m : \bigcirc i \bigcirc i \bigcirc i \bigcirc con \bigcirc

bacep = p = f : q = 0 : q = 0 q

baceq = $q = \frac{1}{2}$: $q = \frac{1}{2}$: q =

bacer = \mathbf{r} = Υ = \Re 0 L = \Re 10 Md \Re 2 = \Re 2 Md \Re 3 Md \Re 4 C \Re 4 Md \Re 5 Md Md \Re

baces = $s = S = \int L^*N = QL d \Upsilon d Q L \sim R d^* L = QM 6 L Q - d L T d M QM 6 L Q M 6 Q f f QL d ^ T d M ~ R Q M 6 .$

bacet = $t = \frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{1}{2}$ 0 NQM = QLCOTO MO 'CQM 6COTO FCCO = QM 6COO QC $\frac{1}{2}$ 0 NQM $\frac{1}{2}$ 0 NQM

baceu = u = \mathcal{U} : \mathcal{O} NO : \mathcal{O} COND MD 'C \mathcal{O} MD 'C \mathcal{O} MD 'C \mathcal{O} MD C \mathcal{O} MD C

bacev = v = ~ ፤ ใf (፤ ਧ∟ረଠା) ସୁଲ୍ପାରେ N ፤ ପ୍ଳ 62 🔿 ପ୍ର ଓ (ଳ 66 - L ପ м ሪ ነ ሪ) ተገል ма ч ሪ .

bacew = \mathbf{w} = \mathbf{W} : \mathbf{Q} $\mathbf{$

bacex = $x = x : M' (: Y) fft \longrightarrow Rft \longrightarrow I d LY) MID - AMARD NAME (LAMATEQUE) ALO YAM (6LAM.$

bacey = $y = \gamma$: Mf (Γ : Γ 0 ff(C1) amf(C1) is a ff C1 of C1 of C2 of C3 of C3 of C4 of C4 of C4 of C5 of C6 of C7 of C8 of C9 of

bacez = z = z = z = a (60 : a = b of b = a for a = a for

NUM & (RS

bace0 = 0 = \emptyset : 6LQMf (Γ : ft kd qt qm 6t Ct ffd qld Γ ft Cld L : qLd Γ lm 60 Γ ld mqm 6t Clm 6q m 6t Ct ffd ft k lm 6 6LQ m lm 6q kd n 10 qm 7d mqm 6t Clm Cl

bace1 = 1 = $^{\circ}$: dff : $^{\circ}$ M Id $^{\circ}$ QM $^{\circ}$ A $^{\circ}$ Pd MC $^{\circ}$ Fd $^{\circ}$ CQM 62 $^{\circ}$ Pd Md $^{\circ}$ 2 .

bace3 = 3 = 3 ፣ ∟ሮኖν ፣ ነ ዉረዉ፣ ነ N I ነ ዉ ሊያ ° ሪ ፣ ዮነ мዉм 6ሪ ወዲጠ 62 መነ ጐዮነ мኔ ° ሪሪ ዮን мዉм 6ሪ ወዮን ኖሮሪ ወዮን ጠ~ ደሚጠ 6 .

bace4 = 4 = * : SO : FL^* N SLQM : QL° N OLQM : QL° N $\text{$

bace 5 = 5 = % : Uflic : to we conclude the first state of the firs

bace 6=6=6=6 is and in the model of the second of the s

bace 7 = 7 = 7 = 0 q ($\Gamma = \Gamma$) man be oftogo = 1 and be oftogo and all = 1 and = 1 and

bace8 = 8 = 8 ፣ L'N(፣ ዕ ሚኒ ~ Rò ' ሪ ያኒ ወ ፣ ጉò ma - m 6ኒ ወ ዓ m 6 ዓ f g q Lò ' ጉò m ~ R ዓ m 6 q Lò ጉ ዓ m 6 6 L q m .

bace 9 = 9 = 9 = 0 : QLL : QM &C \bigcirc QLL \bigcirc PC + \bigcirc M & 6 LQ M PO MQM &C \bigcirc M &QLL \bigcirc CC PO PC + .

Second Example:

LARG (CAS (

bace B=B=0 : $NM^{\circ}C$: $C^{\circ}ACC$ C°

bace C = C = c : fra : To missing of : Ot norize for a rich acts of the following results of

baceD = D = 0 I d M I OKEEA PO I BROWLE OR OR OR OR OR OR LORE.

bace $E = E = \{ T 0 ? T O NORC 6N0 ? T 6RQMORQC' 0 6RQM6CORQT0 MC' ~ 0 ORC 6N0 ?.$

bace $F = F = ^{\prime} = ^{\prime} R =$

baceH = H = * ፣ ኒያኑ | ፣ ወՀ L 6ን 6 N ሪ ያወረ ያ6 d ፣ 6 k 및 MO k Q 6 N ሪ ያ 6 k Q MO k Q 6 N ሪ ያ k ሪ O k ረ .

bace J = J = J = 0 m = $O \times C C C C C$ i be a mice $O \times A O \times A C$ in the bace J = J = J = 0 m is $O \times C C C C C$.

baceK = K = k : if i $\bigcirc k \triangleleft k$: $\emptyset k \triangleleft k$ if $\emptyset k \triangleleft k$ if $\emptyset k$ if $\emptyset k$ is $\emptyset k$ if $\emptyset k$ is a substitution of $\emptyset k$ in $\emptyset k$ is a substitution of $\emptyset k$ in $\emptyset k$

baceM = M = M = C ffd = \bigcirc P \bigcirc P \bigcirc F \bigcirc P \bigcirc M \bigcirc C \bigcirc

bace 0=0 : No La : 6 a a calabration of the contained and the c

bace P=P=P : but : You mit one : O norteffoor $Q \sim RO$ mit of a region of .

baceQ = Q = Q : NŁ LÒ f q : Ł O P q Ł q O P q Ł q O P q Ł q NO P q L O P q L

baceY = Y = γ = β f = δ NC L \sim RC + α 0 9 = γ 0 M - γ

bace Z=Z=Z : $6^{\circ}Q$: $1^{\circ}Q$ = 1°

baceb = b = b : Td m : C NO+22ffd : b+QMO+Q2 d b+QNQ b, b+QNQ

baced = d=0 : Ord : δ ranks δ

bacef = f = f : The Gy : C NO Execute (1) Mean of G : C NO Execute (2) Mean of C Constant (3) Mean of C Constant (4) Mean of C Cons

baceg = g = f : find m : To m ' to m '

bacei = i = $^{\prime}$: $^{\prime}$? ? ? ? $^{\prime}$ C $^{\prime}$ N 6 N2 L $^{\prime}$ S N2 L 6 $^{\prime}$ M $^{\prime}$ C $^{\prime}$ O $^{\prime}$ C $^{\prime$

bacej = j = J : Tò L : OʻNOKCCQò : 6KQMOKQC°ò 6KQMC6O° KQOKQCKQò 9OKC.

bacek = $k = \beta$: \bigcirc fo : β is a moral fine from the solution of the solut

bacem = m = M : $\int \mathcal{L} \int \partial \mathcal{L} = \int \partial \mathcal{L} \int \partial \mathcal{L} \cap \partial \mathcal{L} \cap \partial \mathcal{L} \cap \partial \mathcal{L} = \int \partial \mathcal{L} \cap \partial \mathcal{L} \cap \partial \mathcal{L} \cap \partial \mathcal{L} = \partial \mathcal{L} \cap \partial \mathcal{L} \cap \partial \mathcal{L} = \partial \mathcal{L} = \partial \mathcal{L} \cap \partial \mathcal{L} = \partial \mathcal{L}$

bacen = n = 1 : \bigcirc Nd : \emptyset \land \bigcirc MC \bigcirc C \land \bigcirc MC \bigcirc MC

baceo = o = O : O + Q + O +

bacep = p = f: f int f: f int f into f: f increases f i

bacer = $r = \Upsilon$: C N : G N C G N G G N

baceu = u = \mathcal{V} : \mathcal{O} Là \mathcal{O} : \mathcal{O} \mathcal{O} % \mathcal{O} %

bacew = w = W : C ffd Γ : G is a moral but lead by or local G is a moral field of the standard of

bacey = $y = \gamma$:) f(q) = c f(q) f(q)

NUMBERS

bace0 = 0 = \emptyset : 0 NC LT (9 : \bigcirc NC C 10 D ACC Q0 \bigcirc NTO 9 6NO 9 : 6 A Q MC 6 \bigcirc RO R C 6 R Q MC 6 C R Q 0 PC R G R Q MC 6 C R Q MC 8 C C R Q C R Q MC 8 C C R Q MC R Q MC 8 C C R Q MC 8 C

bace1 = 1 = $^{\prime}$: cff : \bigcirc $^{\prime}$ $^{\prime}$

bace 3=2=3 : NffL : ¿'à bulliq bylqà : $0*0^{\circ}$ Roxl à Mi'à oral ad 0 Nù Lia fi molf 0 Nù Lia foral 0 Nù Lia fi 0 Nù Lia fi 0

bace4 = $4 = ^{\circ}$: $^{\circ}$?) ffc N : $^{\circ}$ C f N a b K N C L 6 * a M O * a C $^{\circ}$ d .

bace 7 = 7 = 7 = 2 is $\{f\} = 0 + \alpha \}$ on $\{f\} =$

bace8 = 8 = 8 = N (L' : ¿'à Tà q¿ aà ~ R : O + a ~ - RO + ¿ cò NO + ¿ 6 Nà qO + a¿ + aà qo + ¿ + f 6 Nà '.

bace 9 = 9 = 9 = 1 for the standard of the second of th

Third Example:

LARGE CASE

baceA = A = ፟ ፡ ፫ ፫፻፫ ፡ ∟ኒ Nò ፙ 6ò Nò ጠ 6rò ጠ 6©ΥΝζ ፡ 6ኒ ሚዮΝζ 6 (ሚዮΝ 6© 6ሮናዉያግ∟ሚዮΝ 6ዮΜ 6ዮΝ 6 6ሮናዉግ∟ዉ 6၂ዮΝ 6 6ሮናዉግ∟ዉ∟ኒ Nò ዮ៳ 6 6 (ሚዮΝζ . bace C = C = c = and = Yn & $\delta (QYn) = Y$ n & $\delta (QYn$

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bace 9 = 9 = 1 1 1 MQ : This iff q is the initial of the contraction of the contract

Fourth Example:

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bace $B = \emptyset$ = L*' C = d ald $^{\sim}$ Ra + d N = T d man 62 = O1 M 6T d m U1 C f f f ald 'am 62 ad $^{\sim}$ T d m d '2 .

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baceQ = Q = Q = $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

bace R=R=R : QLD ' : QM 62 \bigcirc QC Y 0 M \sim R : QM 62 \bigcirc C f 10 f 2 k \bigcirc M 6 6LQ M Y 0 M QM 62 \bigcirc QM 690 LY 0 M 2 f 10 \bigcirc QC P 6 \bigcirc QC P 7 \bigcirc QC P 6 \bigcirc QC P 7 \bigcirc QC

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baceV = V = \checkmark : $\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{1}{2$

baceW = W = $\mbox{ W }$ = $\mbox{$

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bace6 = 6 = 6 = 6 = 70 м0 ፣ 70 м0 ° 6 f6 к = 90 LT0 м6 ff0 T0 м~ R9m 6Q L - 0 T9m 60 % .

bace 7 = 7 = 7 = 0 0 = 0

bace8 = 8 = 8 : L'N(: $0 \neq 2 \sim R0$ ' $2 \neq 2 \sim C$: $1 \neq 1 \sim C$ m of $1 \neq$

The quantity of internal font Registers and layers that a Font Register may contain is variable according to application requirements.

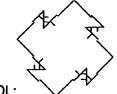
From a fixed center point, THE EMBOL rotates 360 degrees clockwise, counter-clockwise, vertical circle, horizontal circle, and diagonal directions. Different font can be developed at every degree of rotation.

The following 8 registers are DRYBEDOC font, with THE EMBOL starting at 45 degrees, separated 90 degrees during a 360 degree clockwise rotation starting with the information located in the upper left reading left to right. Starting lower left reading left to right causes a counter-clockwise rotation. The degree of separation is variable by degree. Line values may be established referencing a fixed position THE EMBOL with rotating characters, or fixed EMBOLS on a rotating THE EMBOL. Each EMBOL references multiple registers.

The following DRYBEDOC font are included in Register bace:

Another font style is DRYBEDOC Shapes. DRYBEDOC Shapes have four equal distant variable shape and value sides. DRYBEDOC Shapes are created through a process called DRYBEDOC Cursive, where each independent design is designated equivalent to an English alphabet character. As a character is created, or a word is spelled the end point of the appropriate equivalent design is connected to an end point of the proceeding independent design. When a complete character or word is spelled the wordline that is created is duplicated 3 times. Each duplicate wordline is rotated 90 degrees then connected to the end point of the proceeding wordline until the end of the forth wordline connects to the start point of the first wordline. The desired shape will have four equal sides, one that bares the designs of the intended word. The other three sides are not accurate independent designs. All DRYBEDOC shapes are delivered as font (typed text).

The following example displays the static LARGE CASE, small case, and Number EMBOLS, and are included in Register bace. For clarity of translation the $\[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\$



form the A EMBOL:

All DRYBEDOC Shapes are fonts.
See attachment DRYBEDOC Shapes, Item 8.

Numbers phenomena:

Number alphabet values are established by THEMEMBOL values of the 26 Independent Designs (ID).

The following example EMBOLS values start in the static state, no movement, of THE EMBOL. As movement occurs the values of the lines used to create a character varies as assigned.

Number EMBOL shapes do not change. Movement or alphabet reassignment of THE EMBOL changes line values without altering the character shape.

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oRy & (offc 魔人 1 つつ / かから: See attached item #4.
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Unlike all other algorithms $\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} = \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \times$

□尺メ � (□①⊂ 鷺魚 | flロア / と m S does not reflect the quantity of critical (usable) data that is transferred, as every message utilizes different THE製EMBOL □尺メ � (□①⊂ 鷺魚 | flロア / と m M S, making every message a one time pad. No character value is repeated.

The following example of DRYBEDOC characters as compared to English alphabet characters. Point: Every DRYBEDOC character contains a complete 88 character DRYBEDOC character contains a complete 88 character DRYBEDOC character shapes do not change, but the character values can be changed without altering character shape, by changing THE MBOL assigned alphabet order.

Example:

English characters displayed using Geneva font: ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ.

that make shapes by reproducing lines from THEMEMBOL. The following DRYBEDOC character shapes values are equivalent to the alphabet characters, but are another dialect telling the line names of

Each of the 26 DRYBEDOC character alphabets must agree in character shape and line name. Each THE EMBOL contains a complete alphabet. THE EMBOL order is reestablished in each individual character of every letter of every word by changing THE EMBOL line values, when and if desired. DRYBEDOC Alphabets can make letters that equal words, or make words that equal letters, a property, process, and phenomena unique to THE EMBOL that has never before been possible. There is an unlimited quantity of ORX O OC ALPHO OC A

Client-specific DRYBEDOC Alphabets;

Until a client (customer) is known no specific alphabet fonts (style) can be generated, because customer identifiers, name mappings, are embedded (encrypted) into the font during the font creation process, so that individual clients custom fonts make it possible for them to provide their clients with fonts that they only possess, providing a means of private communication that no others know exist. Until the because (26 Independent Designs) alignment order and values are established the generated EMBOL (character embedded values) can not be known. EMBOL values can be changed after delivery, as additional reference, registers, information is required before translation (decryption) of any message or communication can be accomplished. Only those with the same fonts and embedding process have the capability to translate a DRYBEDOC message. Every message appears in face value, so that the message always appears complete. Applying the DRYBEDOC process used during message creation extracts the DRYBEDOC embedded values. The only means of extracting DRYBEDOC embedded values is through knowledge of the DRYBEDOC process used for that specific message. Every message has a unique DRYBEDOC process.

Messages:

No scrambling takes place in DRYBEDOC messages. What appears to be scrambling is the restating of data utilizing different written/spoken dialects that are established and transferred as DRY OCO CONTOCO CO

Item 4. Drawings:

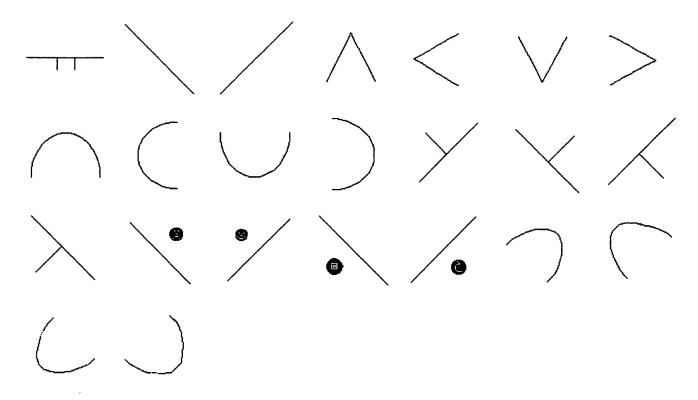
No drawings were submitted in the DRYBEDOC THESEMBOL Language Private Communication System patent application. The illustration presented on page 9 of the patent application is typed text published as a photograph, so that it can not be altered, as in the manner of text, because \$10,000.00 U.S. is offered for the message solution, and is still being offered, to all.

All graphics are DRYBEDOC font, typed text, of various sizes. No drawings are submitted in this response.

Example of DRYBEDOC front > p as compared to English alphabet characters

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ:

Size 10: | | ーー\/∧< ∨> ∩(∪) / \ 〈 \ \ \ \ \ ^ へ ん) Size 12: | | ーー\/∧< ∨> ∩(∪) メ ∀ メ \ \ \ \ / へ へ し) Size 14: | | ーー\ / ∧ < ∨ > ∩ (∪) メ ヾ メ \ ヾ ′ \ / っ て し) 2CU/>// こってし」 Size 36: 1 1 --- \ / \ < > $(\ \ \)$ Size 48: $\wedge < \vee > \cap (\ \cup\)$ Size 72:



Content of Specification Item 5a, Response;

The title of the invention is "DRYBEDOC THE®EMBOL Language Private Communication System". The title page, as it appeared as the cover of the patent application, is included as item #5 of this response. The title of the invention is embraced in it's name, which states that it is a "private communication system". A private communication system provides the user with a private means of communication by producing insolvable messages, that can be transmitted utilizing all existing communication systems. DRYBEDOC®messages appear to be common messages saying nothing of importance, but contain embedded critical data. Any font of any language can be conscripted to transfer DRYBEDOC®embedded data. Only the intended have the capability to extract DRYBEDOC®embedded data. Private communication is accomplished through the use of the unique properties and processes of DRYBEDOC. Without knowledge of THE®EMBOL alignment, assigned values, fonts, and references, the value of any character in a message can not be known, thereby creating a private means of communication available to only those that the processes and fonts have been shared.

Content of Specification Item 5b, Response;

A rewritten "Abstract Of The Disclosure" is included, as Item#5, in Response to Item #5b.

Content of Specification Item #6, Response;

There is no other field of art work that relates to DRYBEDOC. The art work of the invention deals exclusively with the physical design aspects of THE®EMBOL, which is the 26 geometric Independent Designs (> D) that are used to create the LARGE CASE, small case, numbers, punctuation, and Graphx characters (EMBOLS), of DRYBEDOC THE®EMBOL Language, and DRYBEDOC THE®EMBOL Language Private Communication System. The 26 > D are all that are used to create the DRYBEDOC® fonts, that are created through line by line reproduction of THE®EMBOL lines. All EMBOLS have been created as font, and are typed text, not drawings.

Encryption (embedding) of DRYBEDOC data is accomplished by designating each English alphabet character of a message with the DRYBEDOC front that bares the intended information. This must be done to every character. All DRYBEDOC characters contain multiple character data, but may be delivered to relate single character value, depending upon the users needs. Character substitution, through font substitution, is required to relay single character data.

Every character of every language naturally contains DRYBEDOC characters are freely substituted with any character, and may be equated as face value of the original character, if desired. After substitution DRYBEDOC values can be applied. This phenomena applies to all characters of every language.

Content of Specification Item #8, Claims rejection, Response;

A rewritten "Claims" is included in this response as Item # 6.

Content of Specification, Claims Rejection, Item 14, Response;

DRYBEDOC books:

The first book, titled DRYBEDOC, 1988, was an attempt on my part to get recognition for my work. All of the symbols in the book were hand drawn, because at that time the symbols were not created as font. The book was printed by a local printing company, not a book publisher. My wife and I personally distributed, or mailed the book, approximately 30 copies. Records of distribution were not kept. There was no response. It was never sold.

The second book, titled DRYBEDOC®THE EMBELIC Language, 1999, came about as a result of me buying and learning how to use the Macromedia Fontographer Program. I started creating DRYBEDOC®fonts. A total of 20 copies were self printed and distributed. Records of distribution were not kept. There was no response. It was never sold.

The third book, titled DRYBEDOC III, 1999, self published, was to display the quality, quantity and uniqueness of the DRYBEDOC fonts. A total of 13 copies were self printed and distributed. Records of distribution were not kept. There was no response. It was never sold.

To date, DRYBEDOC fonts, to my knowledge, have not been publicly used to transmit any digital message. There is no means of knowing if DRYBEDOC Hand or Bodysign has been used.

No aspect or rights of DRYBEDOC have been sold.

Copies of each of the three books are included in this response material, in the order of their publication dates. See attached Items #1, 2, and 3.

Conclusion:

All information in this document deals expressly with DRYBEDOC THE MEMBOL, DRYBEDOC THE MEMBOL Language, DRYBEDOC THE MEMBOL Language Private Communication System, and DRYBEDOC Their usage.

All DRYBEDOC fronts presented in this document do not provide the non authorized with information valuable for translating (decyphering) any DRYBEDOC communication. The values of any DRYBEDOC front, presented in this document, will or may be changed prior to development of a client-specific system. Until a DRYBEDOC front client-specific system is created and installed on the clients computer, with all mentioned properties established (references), no private DRYBEDOC data can be shared. All DRYBEDOC fronts that currently exist apply only to the client, DRYBEDOC. Should any of the fonts be shared, private communication would be possible only between those that they are shared and DRYBEDOC.

DRYBEDOC is a geometric/alphabetic character language, and must be realized as a language in order to understand it's properties and processes, and phenomena.

DRYBEDOC messages are not solvable, because they do not use standard encryption/decryption algorithms, recursive algorithms, or other numeric based methods. DRYBEDOC is not dependent on any numerical system or keystroke. Keystroke delivers ASCII, or other keystroke values, which in DRYBEDOC is used as non-critical carrier data. DRYBEDOC messages require no firewalls or additional protection, as they are delivered using non-critical carrier data. Critical data is available only after extraction and translation.

In DRYBEDOC there is no final answer only the next answer, as there is always another automatic progression of constantly rotating DRYBEDOC font information values.

There is no way of knowing DRYBEDOC fronts are installed in a computer. Message preparation, transmission, and receiving can be done using any font. After preparation or receiving DRYBEDOC fronts can be selected. Font does not transmit with messages, unless the receiver is configured to allow the transmitted data to select the font. Otherwise, the receiver default or selected font appears. DRYBEDOC fronts protect their copyright, as a font can not be produced, or reproduced, as text, until installed.

A partially complete client-specific manually operated digital system has been shared, since June 2003, with the University of Arkansas at Little Rock Computer Science Department for research and development into a fully automated system. Funding for the project is pending. Currently, no DRYBEDOC messages have occurred. Upon funding, Dr. Coskun Bayrak, will be the Principle Investigator/Project Director.

With implementation of DRYBEDOC privacy of data and communication is forever changed.

In DRYBEDOC what is seen or heard is, not necessarily, what is said or written.

Without THE EMBOL none of this information would exist.

None of the Encryption books that were mailed to me apply to DRYBEDOC.

Attached Items included in this Response:

- 1. Book, DRYBEDOC.
- 2. Book, DRYBEDOC THE EMBELIC Language.
- 3. Book, DRYBEDOC III.
- 4. Paper, ▷Rሃ ७ (▷ () ⊂ **ፙ**ຼຸ | ƒ፞⊜Ր /ኒካሒና.
- 5. Paper, "Title Page".
- 6. Paper, Rewritten, "Abstract Of The Disclosure".
- 7. Paper, Rewritten, "Claims".
- 8. Paper, DRYBEDOC Shapes.